

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS FOR THE POPULATION 25 TO 64 YEARS
Universe: Population 25 to 64 years
2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Technical Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

1 - 29 of 29	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
	Total:	398,520 +/-2,503
	Less than high school graduate:	29,760 +/-2,661
	In labor force:	17,182 +/-2,291
	In Armed Forces	67 +/-111
	Civilian:	17,115 +/-2,290
	Employed	14,218 +/-2,187
	Unemployed	2,897 +/-703
	Not in labor force	12,578 +/-1,775
	High school graduate (includes equivalency):	112,788 +/-4,901
	In labor force:	83,516 +/-4,179
	In Armed Forces	1,233 +/-650
	Civilian:	82,283 +/-4,251
	Employed	74,177 +/-4,141
	Unemployed	8,106 +/-1,308
	Not in labor force	29,272 +/-2,624
	Some college or associate's degree:	142,661 +/-4,444
	In labor force:	113,673 +/-4,191
	In Armed Forces	4,667 +/-1,229
	Civilian:	109,006 +/-4,318
	Employed	102,121 +/-4,191
	Unemployed	6,885 +/-1,278
	Not in labor force	28,988 +/-2,611
	Bachelor's degree or higher:	113,311 +/-5,311
	In labor force:	97,020 +/-4,794
	In Armed Forces	3,065 +/-891
	Civilian:	93,955 +/-4,804
	Employed	92,095 +/-4,930
	Unemployed	1,860 +/-882
	Not in labor force	16,291 +/-2,081

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).

While the 2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.